

**31.—Manufacturing Establishments and Total and Average Production classified by Value of Product Group 1929, 1939, 1944, 1949, 1952 and 1953**

Gross Value Group	Estab- lish- ments	Total Production		Average per Estab- lishment	Estab- lish- ments	Total Production		Average per Estab- lishment
		1929 <sup>1</sup>				1939 <sup>2</sup>		
	No.	\$	\$		No.	\$	\$	
Under \$25,000.....	14,024	106,735,470	7,611		15,623	120,903,054	7,739	
\$ 25,000 but under \$ 50,000.....	2,802	99,529,725	35,521		2,803	99,558,383	35,519	
50,000 " 100,000.....	2,209	156,308,744	70,760		2,215	156,410,769	70,614	
100,000 " 200,000.....	1,688	237,532,492	140,718		1,584	225,582,130	142,413	
200,000 " 500,000.....	1,519	504,218,217	331,941		1,285	390,626,844	303,990	
500,000 " 1,000,000.....	636	443,597,677	697,481		689	466,441,130	676,983	
1,000,000 " 5,000,000.....	601	1,217,866,089	2,026,400		520	1,091,293,939	2,098,642	
5,000,000 or over.....	118	1,298,198,865	11,001,685		81	923,724,311	11,404,004	
<b>Totals and Averages.....</b>	<b>23,597</b>	<b>4,063,987,279</b>	<b>172,225</b>		<b>24,800</b>	<b>3,474,540,560</b>	<b>140,102</b>	
	1944				1949			
	No.	\$	\$		No.	\$	\$	
Under \$25,000.....	13,942	128,782,147	9,237		16,176	145,907,685	9,020	
\$ 25,000 but under \$ 50,000.....	4,011	143,023,914	35,658		4,884	174,899,010	35,810	
50,000 " 100,000.....	3,442	245,273,500	71,259		4,487	320,878,071	71,513	
100,000 " 200,000.....	2,513	355,235,489	141,359		3,630	514,921,581	141,852	
200,000 " 500,000.....	2,256	714,546,348	319,731		3,195	1,000,486,294	313,141	
500,000 " 1,000,000.....	943	661,670,696	701,666		1,494	1,041,235,578	696,945	
1,000,000 " 5,000,000.....	1,089	2,294,546,053	2,107,021		1,505	3,164,936,378	2,102,948	
5,000,000 or over.....	287	4,530,614,372	15,786,113		421	6,116,328,703	14,528,097	
<b>Totals and Averages.....</b>	<b>28,483</b>	<b>9,073,692,519</b>	<b>318,565</b>		<b>35,792</b>	<b>12,479,593,300</b>	<b>348,670</b>	
	1952 <sup>3,4</sup>				1953 <sup>4</sup>			
	No.	\$	\$		No.	\$	\$	
Under \$25,000.....	16,123	147,968,877	9,178		15,807	146,599,625	9,274	
\$ 25,000 but under \$ 50,000.....	5,116	183,103,579	35,790		5,118	183,907,805	35,934	
50,000 " 100,000.....	4,834	346,482,743	71,676		4,899	352,483,499	71,960	
100,000 " 200,000.....	3,939	559,681,909	142,087		4,117	583,719,888	141,783	
200,000 " 500,000.....	3,759	1,188,144,845	318,080		3,774	1,185,376,535	314,090	
500,000 " 1,000,000.....	1,761	1,230,769,856	698,904		1,884	1,308,968,277	694,781	
1,000,000 " 5,000,000.....	1,839	3,936,369,518	2,140,495		1,916	4,033,967,234	2,105,411	
5,000,000 or over.....	558	9,390,165,708	16,828,254		592	9,990,394,011	16,875,666	
<b>Totals and Averages.....</b>	<b>37,929</b>	<b>16,982,687,035</b>	<b>447,749</b>		<b>38,107</b>	<b>17,785,416,854</b>	<b>466,733</b>	

<sup>1</sup> Includes central electric stations and dyeing, cleaning and laundry establishments.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes the Yukon and Northwest Territories.

<sup>3</sup> Includes Newfoundland.

<sup>4</sup> In 1952 gross value of products was replaced by value of factory shipments; see text on pp. 624-625.

**Size as Measured by Number of Employees.**—In 1929 establishments employing 501 hands or over accounted for 27·3 p.c. of the number of employees engaged in manufacturing. The tendency then in evidence of increasing concentration into larger units was checked by the depression, the percentage dropping to 20·5 in 1933 (central electric stations included) but rising again to 25·6 in 1939. The same held true for establishments employing 101 hands or over. In 1929 they employed 61·9 p.c., in 1933, 55·7 p.c. and in 1939, 61·5 p.c.

The effect of the War on the concentration of industries into large units is illustrated by the increase in the number of establishments employing 500 hands or over. In 1939 such establishments numbered 172 and employed 25·6 p.c. of the total number of employees engaged in manufacturing. By 1944 the number had increased to 383 and the percentage of total employees to 47·0. In a further subdivision of this group in 1944 it was found that 226 establishments employed between 500 and 999 persons, 56 between 1,000 and 1,499, and 101 employed over 1,500. Altogether there were 12 establishments employing over 7,000 persons.

With the resumption of peacetime production the larger establishments declined in size so that by 1953 only 82 establishments employed over 1,500 persons, as compared with 101 in 1944.